

# 2013 Efficiency Savings Performance Incentive (ESPI) Ex-Post Update



Energy Division March 25, 2015





In Scope

# **Out of Scope**







# Agenda



## 90 minutes

- Custom Lighting
- Non-res New Construction
- Industrial and Agricultural

## 50 minutes

- Deemed Non-res Lighting
- Sprinklers
- Pipe Insulation



## LUNCH (60 minutes)







# Agenda



# 20 minutes

Residential Upstream Lighting

# 30 minutes

- HVAC Quality Maintenance
- HVAC Mini-splits



DNV.GL

# 20 minutes

Home Upgrade Program





# Agenda



# 15 minutes

Water Kits



Pool Pumps



# 20 minutes

Behavior





# **Important Dates**

ESPI Activity	Date
PY 2013 Draft Evaluation Results Posted	3/9/2015
PY 2013 Draft Evaluation Results Webinar	3/25/2015
Public Comments Due	4/6/2015
Public Comments Incorporated	5/27/2015*
Draft Savings Performance Statement Posted	6/17/2015*
Draft Savings Performance Statement Webinar	7/1/2015*
Written Comments on Performance Statement	7/15/2015*
Final Savings Performance Statement Posted	8/15/2015*

\* Activity must be completed **by** these dates. Energy Division is currently ahead of this schedule





# **Custom Projects**



DNV·GL

## ENERGY Industrial, Agricultural and LARGE Commercial-4(IALC4)

ESPI PUBLIC STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP PY2013 NRNC WHOLE BUILDING IMPACT EVALUATION

March 25, 2015

## **Topics**

- Overview of NRNC Whole Building Evaluation
- NRNC Whole Building Impact Evaluation Portfolio
- ESPI Performance Parameter Updates
- Data Collection and Approach
- Evaluation Sample Size
- Aggregation of Sample Results
- Gross Evaluation Results
- Net Evaluation Results
- Comparison of Ex ante and Ex post Impact Results
- Questions

### **Overview of NRNC Whole Building Evaluation**

- NRNC Whole Building projects that received incentives under the statewide Savings By Design (SBD) program
- The scope of work includes an independent estimation of gross and net savings and development of findings and recommendations that can be used to improve program, project, and measure effectiveness
- Three main evaluation activities supported the findings and recommendations:
  - > M&V activities for estimating gross impacts
  - > Professional telephone survey data collection supporting net to gross (NTG) estimation
  - Engineering reviews of the gross sample points to support the qualitative project practices assessment (PPA)

### **NRNC Whole Building Impact Evaluation Portfolio**



### **Claimed Energy Savings by IOU for 2013 Projects in the NRNC** Work Order

	Energy Savings	Claims by IOU	
τομ	Electric Energy	Electric Demand	Gas Energy
100	(GWh)	(MW)	(Million Therms)
	NRNC WB Sa	vings Claim	
PG&E	35	12	0.65
SCE	22	7	0.14
SDG&E	10	3	0.03
Total	68	22	0.83
	Portfolio Sa	vings Claim	
PG&E	1,490	242	35
SCE	786	142	1
SCG	8	6	26
SDG&E	322	47	2
Total	2,606	436	64
	NRNC WB Percentag	e of Portfolio Claim	
PG&E	2%	5%	2%
SCE	3%	5%	14%
SDG&E	3%	6%	2%
Total	2.6%	5.0%	1.3%

### **ESPI Performance Parameter Updates**

- IALC4 NRNC Whole Building Evaluation addressed each of the following:
  - Verified installed measures and confirmed that they were operating as intended
  - Evaluated project savings- Engineering file review, on-site survey, end-use metering, energy modelling, updated the savings using observed site condition
  - > Estimated ex post gross energy and demand savings
  - Estimated ex post NTG ratios and net savings
  - > Assessed expected useful life(EUL) and calculated life cycle savings

## **Data Collection And Approach**

- Gross Impact Evaluation
  - Focused on estimation of gross realization rates for statistically representative samples of NRNC Whole Building projects
  - Utilized project specific measurement verification(M&V) to estimate gross realization rates
  - Analysis involved onsite survey, short-term monitoring, simulation modelling with EnergyPro and eQuest and model adjustments/ calibration with end-use/billing data to calculated ex post impact of the sampled points
- Net Impact Evaluation
  - > NTG evaluation consisted of an interview-based evaluation for the same sample points included in the gross impact activities to yield NTG ratio
- 25 gross impact sample points and 25 net points for program year 2013

## **Summary of NRNC WB Sample by IOU**

- Gross and net impact sampling by IOU
  - > Electric and gas savings were collapsed
  - Sampling and analysis used source energy equivalents\*

IOUs	Sample Points	Sampled Source MMBtu	NRNC Source MMBtu	Sample % of Population MMBtu	Sample Points Stratum 1	Sample Points Stratum 2	Sample Points Stratum 3
PG&E	15	83,081	424,316	20%	4	5	6
SCE	5	54,680	244,823	22%	3	2	0
SDG&E	5	19,450	109,001	18%	1	1	3
Total	25	157,211	778,140	20%	8	8	9

\* Conversion rates obtained from "2001 Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Non-residential Buildings, California Energy Commission," June 2001: 1 kWh = 10,239 Btu source energy; 1 Therm = 100,000 Btu source energy. 1 MMBtu = 1,000,000 Btu

## **Aggregation of Sample Results**

- Sample gross and net results were aggregated by stratum to represent the population of custom claims based on California Evaluation Framework guidelines
  - > Within each of 3 strata, case weights were applied to the statewide sample
  - Case Weight Stratum 1 =

(Stratum 1 Population Quantity)/ (Stratum 1 Sample Quantity)

Sample Site 1 Savings =

Case Weight Strata 1 x Site Savings = Weighted Savings Site 1

- Using the case weights statewide GRR and NTG ratios were calculated and applied to the population results
  - ➢ Population GRR =

sum(weighted ex post gross savings) / sum (weighted ex ante gross
savings)

Claimed Gross Ex Ante Savings (Population) x GRR = Evaluated Gross Ex Post Savings (Population)

## **Gross Impact Results**

### Statewide Life Cycle Weighted Gross Realization Rates

Energy Metric	Sample Size (n)	LC Gross Realization Rate	Population (N)	Error Ratio*	90% Confidence Interval	RR > 1.5	RR = 0	RR < 0
	IOU Statewide							
kWh	25	0.92	239	0.79	0.88 - 0.97	3	0	1
kW	25	0.79	239	0.91	0.75 - 0.84	3	0	2
Therms	25	0.57	239	1.44	0.52 - 0.62	3	5	5

#### **Net-to-Gross Ratios by Fuel Type**

Results	Electric NTGR	Gas NTGR	MMBTU NTGR
	Statewide	Statewide	Statewide
Weighted NTGR	0.53	0.51	0.53
90 Percent Confidence Interval	0.51 - 0.56	0.49 - 0.54	0.51 - 0.55
Net Savings Relative Precision	24%	25%	20%
n Survey Completes	25	25	25
N Sampling Units	239	239	239
Final NTGR	0.53	0.51	0.53

### First Year Weighted Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Source MMBTU Savings for Sampled Projects



### First Year Weighted Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Electric Savings (kWh) for Sampled Projects



### **First Year Weighted Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Electric Demand Savings** (kW) for Sampled Projects



### First Year Weighted Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Gas Savings (Therms) for Sampled Projects



### **IOU Statewide First Year Gross and Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	Electric S	avings	Gas Savings	Source Energy Savings
Impact Element	kWh/year	Average Peak kW	Therms/year	MMBTU/year
Tracking				
a. Claimed Gross Savings	67,909,049	21,886	828,183	778,139
b. Claimed GRR*	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings	61,183,615	19,710	745,328	700,992
d. Claimed NTGR	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.65
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \times d$ )	39,564,196	12,746	476,312	453,116
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate (f = $b \times d$ )	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58
Evaluation				
g. Evaluation GRR	0.94	0.79	0.57	0.85
h. Evaluated Gross Results (h = a x g)	63,903,109	17,397	474,104	663,454
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.53	0.50	0.51	0.53
k. Evaluated Net Results (k = h x i )	33,986,798	8,765	242,122	353,595
l. Evaluation Net Realization Rate (I = g x i )	0.50	0.40	0.29	0.45
m. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings (m = k / e)	0.86	0.69	0.51	0.78

### **IOU Statewide Lifecycle Gross and Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	Electric Savings		Gas Savings	Source Energy Savings
Impact Element	kWh	Average Peak kW	Therms	MMBTU/year
Tracking				
a. Claimed Gross Savings	1,072,032,790	346,431	13,026,360	12,279,180
b. Claimed GRR*	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings	965,863,066	312,000	11,723,152	11,061,783
d. Claimed NTGR	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.65
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \times d$ )	624,572,367	201,754	7,491,835	7,150,258
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate ( $f = b \times d$ )	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58
Evaluation				
g. Evaluation GRR	0.92	0.79	0.57	0.84
h. Evaluated Gross Results ( $h = a \times g$ )	987,494,279	274,327	7,428,262	10,266,156
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.53	0.50	0.51	0.53
k. Evaluated Net Results ( $k = h x i$ )	525,197,744	138,216	3,793,576	5,471,463
I. Evaluation Net Realization Rate (I = $g \times i$ )	0.49	0.40	0.29	0.45
m. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings (m = k/e)	0.84	0.69	0.51	0.77

## Thank you. Questions?

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SAFER, SMARTER, GREENER



# 2013-14 INDUSTRIAL, AGRICULTURAL AND LARGE COMMERCIAL (IALC) ROADMAP

# ESPI PUBLIC STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP PY2013 CUSTOM IMPACT EVALUATION

March 25, 2015

## **IALC CUSTOM IMPACT EVALUATION AGENDA**

- » IALC Evaluation Overview
- » ESPI Performance Parameter Updates
- » Data Collection and Approach
- » Evaluation Sample by IOU
- » Aggregation of Sample Results
- » Gross Impact Results
- » Net Impact Results
- » Comparison of Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Impact Results



## **IALC EVALUATION OVERVIEW**

- » IALC Roadmap is composed of nonresidential, non-deemed claims:
  - Non-deemed lighting measures moved to Commercial RM
  - IALC percent of portfolio claims –19% of electric and 56% of gas
- » PY2013 IALC savings claims:





## **ESPI PERFORMANCE PARAMETER UPDATES**

- » IALC custom evaluation activities addressed each of the following:
  - Verified that measures were installed and operating as claimed
  - Assessed project savings engineering review, on-site measurement, and adjusted savings claims using observed field operation
  - Estimated ex-post gross energy and demand savings
  - Estimated ex-post NTG ratios and net savings
  - Examined expected useful life and estimated lifecycle savings



## **DATA COLLECTION AND APPROACH**

- The gross impact evaluation developed gross realization rates (GRRs) for statistically representative samples of custom projects
  - The gross impact evaluation utilized project-specific measurement and verification (M&V) to estimate GRRs
  - Greater M&V rigor was used for strata 1 and 2 projects
    - Analysis involved on-site metering and extensive engineering analysis to calculate the ex-post impact of sampled strata 1 and 2 projects
    - Smaller projects received less rigor
  - 190 PY2013 M&V points were targeted and 189 were achieved
- The NTG evaluation used an interview-based approach for a representative sample of selected projects, yielding NTG ratios
- Similar to the gross impact approach, a mix of rigorous professional interviews and basic rigor CATI surveys were conducted
- » 153 PY2013 points were targeted and 146 were achieved



## **EVALUATION SAMPLE BY IOU**

- » Gross and net impact sampling by IOU
  - Electric and gas savings were collapsed
  - Sampling and analysis used source energy equivalents\*

	Number of Evaluation Completes (n)			
IOU	IOU Gross Impact (M&V)			
PG&E	55	51		
SCE	53	46		
SDG&E	43	28		
SCG	38	21		
All IOUs	189	146		

\* Conversion rates obtained from "2001 Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Non-residential Buildings, California Energy Commission," June 2001: 1 kWh = 10,239 Btu source energy; 1 Therm = 100,000 Btu source energy. 1 MMBtu =1,000,000 Btu



## **AGGREGATION OF SAMPLE RESULTS**

- Sample-based gross and net results were aggregated by IOU to represent the population of custom claims
  - Within each of five strata, sample-weighted means were first derived by IOU, both GRRs and NTG ratios
    - For example, strata 1 GRR =

sum(ex-post gross savings) / sum (ex-ante gross savings)

 Means were then aggregated by IOU using population-level strata weights

PG&E Illustration of Population-Level Weights:

Strata	Ν	MMBtu
1	7	879,850
2	18	952,461
3	47	906,027
4	126	928,744
5	941	917,149



## **GROSS IMPACT RESULTS**

Mean Lifecycle Gross Realization Rates by IOU and Energy Metric (MMBtu and kW)

Energy Metric	Sample Size (n)	LC Gross Realization	Population (N)	Error Ratio**	90% Confidence Interval	FY Gross Realization
		Rate				Rate
			PG&E	-		
MMBtu*	55	0.63	1,126	0.47	0.57 to 0.70	0.74
kW	37	0.44	854	1.41	0.28 to 0.61	0.53
			SCE			
MMBtu*	53	0.44	932	1.05	0.34 to 0.54	0.54
kW	51	0.51	836	0.79	0.42 to 0.60	0.64
			SDGE			
MMBtu*	43	0.51	264	0.86	0.41 to 0.61	0.75
kW	28	0.79	143	0.89	0.59 to 0.98	1.03
			SCG			
MMBtu*	38	0.60	159	0.88	0.48 to 0.73	0.69

\* The primary sample was designed and selected at this level. The kW sample sizes are lower due to the fact that kW impacts were not claimed by IOUs in every case.

\*\* A measure of the statistical variation in the gross realization rates.



## **NET IMPACT RESULTS**

### **Net-to-Gross Ratios by IOU**

	Mean Net-to-Gross Ratios				
Results	PGE	SCE	SDG&E	SCG	
Weighted NTGR	0.55	0.57	0.59	0.66	
90 Percent Confidence Interval	0.52 to 0.59	0.52 to 0.61	0.55 to 0.64	0.59 to 0.73	
Relative Precision	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.10	
n NTGR Completes	51	46	28	21	
N Sampling Units	1,126	932	264	159	
Error ratio (ER)	0.30	0.36	0.28	0.31	



## **COMPARISON OF PG&E IMPACT RESULTS**

### **PG&E Lifecycle Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	LC Electri	LC Gas savings	
Impact Element	kWh	Avg. Peak kW	Therms
Tracking			
a. Claimed LC Gross Savings	3,070,606,193	412,731	293,168,434
b. Claimed GRR	0.91	0.90	0.90
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings ( $c = a x b$ )	2,784,233,097	373,019	264,522,775
d. Claimed NTGR	0.65	0.64	0.62
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \ge d$ )	1,812,339,756	240,019	165,122,455
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate $(f = b x d)$	0.59	0.58	0.56
Evaluation			
g. Evaluation LC GRR	0.63	0.44	0.63
h. Evaluated Gross Results ( $h = a \times g$ )	1,945,175,228	181,904	185,717,067
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.55	0.49	0.55
j. Evaluated Net Results ( $k = h x i$ )	1,076,074,052	89,461	102,738,979
k. Evaluation Net Realization Rate $(l = g x i)$	0.35	0.22	0.35
1. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings $(m = k / f)$	0.59	0.37	0.62



## **COMPARISON OF SCE IMPACT RESULTS**

### **SCE Lifecycle Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	LC Electric savings		LC Gas savings
Impact Element	kWh	Avg. Peak kW	Therms
Tracking			
a. Claimed LC Gross Savings	2,661,449,185	371,143	3,690,923
b. Claimed GRR	0.91	0.91	0.90
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings ( $c = a x b$ )	2,415,366,304	336,935	3,321,870
d. Claimed NTGR	0.61	0.63	0.82
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \ge d$ )	1,483,081,260	211,055	2,708,592
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate $(f = b x d)$	0.56	0.57	0.73
Evaluation			
g. Evaluation LC GRR	0.44	0.51	0.44
h. Evaluated Gross Results ( $h = a \times g$ )	1,173,093,281	190,051	1,626,857
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.57	0.55	0.57
j. Evaluated Net Results ( $k = h x i$ )	663,208,110	104,216	919,743
k. Evaluation Net Realization Rate $(l = g x i)$	0.25	0.28	0.25
1. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings (m = k / f)	0.45	0.49	0.34


#### **COMPARISON OF SDG&E IMPACT RESULTS**

#### **SDG&E Lifecycle Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	LC Electr	LC Gas savings	
Impact Element	kWh	Avg. Peak kW	Therms
Tracking			
a. Claimed LC Gross Savings	644,866,138	51,185	13,699,322
b. Claimed GRR	0.90	0.90	0.90
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings ( $c = a x b$ )	582,571,801	46,225	12,331,589
d. Claimed NTGR	0.61	0.60	0.64
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \ge d$ )	352,602,677	27,945	7,854,563
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate $(f = b x d)$	0.55	0.55	0.57
Evaluation			
g. Evaluation LC GRR	0.51	0.79	0.51
h. Evaluated Gross Results ( $h = a \times g$ )	326,096,163	40,294	6,927,478
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.59	0.59	0.59
j. Evaluated Net Results ( $k = h x i$ )	193,866,374	23,704	4,118,433
k. Evaluation Net Realization Rate $(1 = g x i)$	0.30	0.46	0.30
1. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings $(m = k / f)$	0.55	0.85	0.52



#### **COMPARISON OF SCG IMPACT RESULTS**

#### **SCG Lifecycle Net Realization Rate Estimates and Comparisons**

	LC Gas savings
Impact Element	Therms/year
Tracking	
a. Claimed LC Gross Savings	192,784,844
b. Claimed GRR	0.91
c. Claimed Adjusted Gross Savings ( $c = a x b$ )	175,550,225
d. Claimed NTGR	0.50
e. Claimed Net Savings ( $e = c \times d$ )	88,449,610
f. Claimed Net Realization Rate $(f = b x d)$	0.46
Evaluation	
g. Evaluation LC GRR	0.60
h. Evaluated Gross Results ( $h = a \times g$ )	116,443,232
i. Evaluation NTG Ratio	0.66
j. Evaluated Net Results ( $k = h x i$ )	76,548,505
k. Evaluation Net Realization Rate $(l = g x i)$	0.40
l. Evaluated Net Savings as a Fraction of Claimed Net Savings ( $m = k / f$ )	0.87



# **THANK YOU**



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# **2013 ESPI IMPACT EVALUATION**

**Custom Lighting** 





**Custom Lighting** 

- » Overview
  - Custom lighting projects
- » Methodology and Sample Design
  - New field work includes phone surveys and on-site verification
- » Results
  - Gross Realization Rates
  - Net-to-Gross Ratios
  - Net Realization Rates



#### **RESEARCH OBJECTIVES**

- » Attachment 2 of ESPI Decision
  - All components of custom projects are subject to review
    - NTG estimate participant free-ridership to support the development of net-to-gross ratios and net savings values
    - GRR site specific gross realization rates for sample of participants applied to population
    - **NRR** product of the NTGR and GRR



#### **SAMPLE DESIGN**

**On-Site Sample Design by Program Administrator and Size of Project** 

		Population # of	Target Sample	Achieved Projects
Project Size	Project Size (MWh)	Projects	Size	Sampled
PG&E				
Very Large	>1,000	6	4	3
Large	250-1,000	85	6	7
Medium	50-250	397	6	4
Small	<50	1,790	6	7
PG&E Total		2,278	22	21
SCE				
Very Large	>1,600	1	3	1
Large	250-1,600	67	6	10
Medium	50-250	260	6	2
Small	<50	889	6	6
SCE Total		1,217	21	19
SDG&E				
Very Large	>500	4	3	2
Large	200-500	8	4	3
Medium	50-200	19	4	
Small	<50	135	4	1
SDG&E Total		166	15	6



#### **SAMPLE DESIGN**

Phone Survey Sample Design by Program Administrator

Program Administrator	Target Sample Size	Achieved from Onsite Sample	Achieved from Onsite Sample (no Onsite) Achieved from Survey Only (no Onsite)	
PG&E	28	21	14	35
SCE	27	19	19	38
SDG&E	19	3	1	4
Statewide	74	43	34	77

- » NTGR survey administered as part of on-site recruitment
- Same stratification scheme used for telephone survey sampling (PA and size)
- » However, NTGRs were estimated by PA only
- » SDG&E achieved sample significantly below target



#### **METHODOLOGY**

Site Specific Gross Savings Generated from the Following Parameters

- Installation rate
  - Installed and operable measures from on-site
- » Pre-Retrofit Hours of Operation\*
  - Adjusted self-reports
- » Post-Retrofit Hours of Operation\*
  - Logger data and Adjusted self-reports
- » Pre-Wattage
  - Wattage of replaced equipment, industry standard practice or combination of the two for dual baseline measures
- » Post-Wattage
  - Wattage associated with the measures that were installed

\* We will attempt to monitor all measures, however, for PY 2013, given the timeline, we will rely on adjusted self-reports. However, these loggers will stay in the field to support future HOU estimates



<sup>\*</sup> The Pre- and Post-Retrofit hours are assumed to be equal for all measures except for those associated with controls.

## **GROSS REALIZATION RATES**

First Year and Lifecycle GRRs by Program Administrator

		First Year GRR		Lifecycle GRR	
PA	Sample Size	GRR kWh	GRR kW	GRR kWh	GRR kW
PG&E	21	80%	85%	62%	71%
SCE	19	77%	67%	55%	50%
SDG&E	6	64%	76%	50%	69%
Statewide	46	78%	77%	58%	61%

- » First year and Lifecycle GRR sample relative precision (kWh)
  - PG&E 14% and 18%
  - SCE 36% and 42%
  - SDG&E 29% and 33%
  - Statewide 16% and 20%



#### **NET-TO-GROSS RATIOS**

**Comparison of Ex-Ante and Ex-Post NTGRs by Program Administrator** 

		NTGR kWh Weighted			NTGR	kW Weight	ed
PA	Sample Size	Ex Ante	Ex Post	RP	Ex Ante	Ex Post	RP
PG&E	35	0.65	0.50	9%	0.65	0.50	9%
SCE	38	0.71	0.56	7%	0.70	0.60	6%
SDG&E	4	0.64	0.57	22%	0.62	0.54	24%
Statewide	77	0.67	0.53	6%	0.67	0.54	6%

- » NTGRs applied to the gross savings to estimate net savings
- » SDG&E sample size small
  - Statistically significant at the 90% confidence level
  - Greater than statewide value for kWh



#### **NET REALIZATION RATES**

First Year and Lifecycle NRRs by Program Administrator

		First Year NRR		Lifecycle NRR	
PA	Sample Size	NRR kWh	NRR kW	NRR kWh	NRR kW
PG&E	21	62%	65%	48%	53%
SCE	19	61%	57%	44%	42%
SDG&E	6	57%	63%	45%	57%
Statewide	46	61%	62%	46%	48%

- » First year and Lifecycle NRR sample relative precision (kWh)
  - PG&E 16% and 20%
  - SCE 37% and 43%
  - SDG&E 37% and 39%
  - Statewide 17% and 21%





#### **Downstream Deemed**



# **2013 ESPI IMPACT EVALUATION**

**Deemed Lighting** 



**Deemed Lighting** 

- » Overview
  - ESPI Measures Evaluated
    - CFLs
    - T5 fluorescent fixtures replacing metal halides
    - LEDs
    - Occupancy sensors (integrated and non-integrated)
    - Delamping of T12 lamps in existing fixtures
- » Methodology and Impact Parameters
  - Updates include both new field work and best available information
- » Results
  - Net-to-Gross Ratios
  - Gross/Net Realization Rates (based on UES)



# **RESEARCH OBJECTIVES**

**Parameters Updated** 

- » Attachment 2 of ESPI Decision
  - Verification confirm installations of measure installations
  - Unit Energy Savings (UES)— estimate baseline and replacement equipment wattages, operating hours and use shapes to support the estimate of energy savings values and 8760 impact load shapes
  - **NTG** estimate participant free-ridership to support the development of net-to-gross ratios and net savings values
  - Gross and Net energy savings



#### **MEASURES EVALUATED**

**5 ESPI Lighting Measures Represent 9 Measure Groups** 

Measure Group	% 2013 Savings*	Existing	New Data Collection	
	Savings	Dala	Phone	On-site
Indoor High Bay Fluorescent	3.2%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Indoor LED lamp	0.8%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Indoor LED reflector lamp	1.1%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Indoor Controls (Wall or Ceiling Mounted)	0.6%	Yes	Yes	No
Indoor Fixture Integrated Occupancy Sensor	0.4%	Yes	Yes	No
Indoor HB Fixture Integrated Occupancy Sensor	0.0%	Yes	Yes	No
Indoor CFL Basic	0.2%	Yes	No	No
Indoor CFL Reflector	0.1%	Yes	No	No
Indoor Linear Fluorescent Delamping	0.0%	Yes	No	No

\* Values with 0.0% have a positive claim, but that claim is less than one tenth of one percent.



#### **METHODOLOGY**

**UES Developed from the Following Impact Parameters** 

- Installation rate
  - Installed and operable measures from on-site
- » Pre-Retrofit Hours of Operation\*
  - Adjusted self-reports
- » Post-Retrofit Hours of Operation\*
  - Logger data and Adjusted self-reports
- » Pre-Wattage
  - Wattage of replaced equipment, industry standard practice or combination of the two for dual baseline measures
- » Post-Wattage
  - Wattage associated with the measures that were installed

\* The Pre- and Post-Retrofit hours are assumed to be equal for all measures except for those associated with controls.

\* We will attempt to monitor all measures, however, for PY 2013, given the timeline, we will rely on adjusted self-reports. However, these loggers will stay in the field to support future HOU estimates



Installation Rates by Program Delivery



- » Lowest installation rate CFL lamps (79%)
- » Highest installation rate T5 linears (98%)
- » Differences by program delivery for LED measures
  - Higher failure and removal rates in Direct Install programs



Operating Hours by Building Type (weighted average of all building types)

## Most common building type installations by measure

- » CFL lamps
  - 29% Small Retail
- » CFL Reflectors
  - 27% Small Retail
- » LED Lamps
  - 25% Small Office
- » LED Reflectors
  - 25% Small Retail
- » Linear
  - 30% Small Retail
- » T5 Linear
  - 30% Other Industrial
- » Occupancy Sensors
  - 21% Other Industrial
  - 18% Small Retail

ESDI Maasura	Sites	Operatir	ng Hours
	Olles	Pre-Retrofit	Post-Retrofit
CFL Lamps*	419	1,160	1,160
CFL Reflectors	132	2,731	2,731
LED Lamps*	184	1,215	1,215
LED Reflectors	177	3,294	3,294
Linear	902	2,776	2,776
T5 Linear	301	3,200	3,200
Occupancy Sensors	251	2,432	1,736

\* These estimates include the operating hours associated with guest rooms in lodging



Wattage Ratios by Measure Configuration for CFLs and LEDs



- Wattage ratio fairly similar for CFL lamps and reflectors
- Wattage ratio for 4-7W and 12-17W LED reflector much greater
  - 12-17W LED lamps generally replacing CFL (23-27W range)



Pre-Retrofit and Controlled Wattage by Configuration for Delamp and Controls



- » 4 linear delamp cases evaluated
- » For ER measures
  - Pre-retrofit wattage for RUL
- » For ROB and Post-RUL
  - Industry standard practice

- » Fixture integrated and wall/ceiling mount evaluated
  - High/Low wattages ranges for each control type



Wattage Ratios by Measure Configuration for T5 Linears replacing Metal Halide

- » 3 most prevalent configurations
  - 2L, 4L, 6L T5 systems
- » For ER measures
  - Pre-retrofit wattage for RUL period
- » For ROB and Post-RUL
  - Pulse start metal halide
- Vast majority of pre-retrofit equipment
  - 400W Metal halide





#### **GROSS REALIZATION RATES**

**UES Values Applied to the Population of Measures to Generate GRRs** 

DA	First Year GRR		Lifecycle GRR		
ESPI Measure	GRR kWh	GRR kW	GRR kWh	GRR kW	
PG&E					
CFL	72%	80%	81%	84%	
Delamping	94%	107%	96%	109%	
LED	150%	178%	152%	177%	
Occupancy Sensors	64%	89%	64%	89%	
T5	36%	33%	36%	33%	
SCE					
CFL	65%	72%	70%	74%	
Delamping	91%	89%	93%	91%	
Occupancy Sensors	59%	34%	59%	34%	
T5	57%	46%	63%	32%	
SDG&E					
CFL	90%	91%	92%	91%	
Delamping	86%	86%	86%	86%	
Occupancy Sensors	72%	56%	71%	56%	



#### **NET-TO-GROSS RATIOS**

NTGRs by Program Delivery (weighted average of programs)

- NTGR generated by program delivery (or combined program delivery)
  - Deemed
  - Direct Install
  - LGP
  - L3P
- » CFL/LED lamps and reflectors combined
- » CFL and Delamping using existing NTGRs
- » T5, LED and occupancy sensors using new phone survey results

		Ex-Post NTGR		
ESPI Measure	n	kWh weighted	kW weighted	
CFL	370	0.61	0.62	
LED	232	0.59	0.60	
Delamping	307	0.65	0.63	
Occupancy Sensors	76	0.61	0.60	
Т5	147	0.65	0.65	



#### **NET REALIZATION RATES**

**NTGR Applied to Gross Savings to Generate NRR** 

DA	First Year NRR		Lifecycle NRR		
ESPI Measure	NRR kWh	NRR kW	NRR kWh	NRR kW	
PG&E					
CFL	60%	67%	71%	71%	
Delamping	77%	86%	78%	86%	
LED	102%	123%	103%	122%	
Occupancy Sensors	64%	90%	64%	90%	
T5	31%	27%	31%	27%	
SCE					
CFL	47%	53%	51%	54%	
Delamping	69%	58%	71%	59%	
Occupancy Sensors	47%	26%	47%	26%	
T5	49%	39%	55%	27%	
SDG&E					
CFL	92%	93%	93%	93%	
Delamping	86%	84%	86%	84%	
Occupancy Sensors	70%	54%	70%	54%	



# **2013 ESPI IMPACT EVALUATION**

**Deemed Non-Lighting** 





**Deemed Non-Lighting** 

- » Overview
  - ESPI Measures Evaluated
    - Agricultural Sprinklers
    - Pipe Insulation (Hot Application)
- » Methodology and Sample Design
  - Updates include new field work (phone surveys only)
- » Results
  - Net-to-Gross Ratios
  - Net Realization Rates



#### **RESEARCH OBJECTIVES**

- » Attachment 2 of ESPI Decision
  - An ex-post evaluation of portfolio parameters that require verification of assumptions and carry uncertainty
    - **NTG** estimate participant free-ridership to support the development of net-to-gross ratios and net savings values
    - Net energy savings



## **MEASURES EVALUATED**

**Agricultural Sprinklers and Pipe Insulation (Hot Application)** 



- » PG&E territory only
- » Portable sprinklers
  - 69% of ex-ante savings

- » PG&E and SCG territory only
- » Hot steam and water boiler types



#### **SAMPLE DESIGN**

**Sprinkler Nozzle Low Pressure - Portable** 

Project Size	Percent Ex- Ante Savings	Population	Sample Design	Actual Completed Surveys
> 700,000 kWh	43%	8	8	7
250,000 – 700,000 kWh	30%	16	6	9
< 250,000 kWh	27%	45	6	19
Total	100%	69	20	35

- > 50% of sites in population agreed to phone survey
- » 67% of claimed ex-ante savings represented



## **SAMPLE DESIGN**

**Pipe Insulation (Hot Application)** 

Boiler Type (therms)	Percent of Ex- Ante Savings	Population	Sample Design	Actual Completed Surveys
Hot Steam (> 25,000)	38%	6	6	3
Hot Steam (10 – 25,000)	21%	15	7	7
Hot Steam (<10,000)	16%	57	7	4
Hot Water (>25,000)	9%	3	3	1
Hot Water (10 – 25,000)	8%	7	4	3
Hot Water (< 10,000)	6%	26	3	0
Total	99%	103	30	18

- » 17% of sites in population agreed to phone survey
- » 41% of claimed ex-ante savings represented



## **NET-TO-GROSS RATIOS**

NTGRs by ESPI Measure

Measure	n	Weight	Ex-Ante NTGR	Ex-Post NTGR	Relative Precision
Pipe Insulation	18	Therms	0.60	0.56	16%
Sprinklers	35	kWh	0.60	0.38	12%
Sprinklers	35	kW	0.60	0.38	12%

- » Pipe insulation very similar to ex-ante
- » Sprinklers roughly a 1/3 less than ex-ante
  - Several respondents claimed they would have installed sprinkler measures in the absence of the program
    - 1/4 of respondents claimed sprinklers were better for their crops



## **NET REALIZATION RATES**

**Sprinkler Nozzle Low Pressure (Portable)** 

PG&E	First Year Savings			Lifecycle Savings		
	Ex-Ante Net	Ex-Post Net	NRR	Ex-Ante Net	Ex-Post Net	NRR
kWh	12,541,831	7,919,107	63%	37,625,494	23,757,320	63%
kW	11,588	7,316	63%	34,764	21,948	63%

- » Gross savings are ex-ante pass through values
- » NRR are equal to the ratio of ex-post to ex-ante NTGRs



# **NET REALIZATION RATES**

**Pipe Insulation (Hot Applications)** 

Program Administrator	First Year Therms Savings			Lifecycle Therms Savings		
	Ex-Ante Net	Ex-Post Net	NRR	Ex-Ante Net	Ex-Post Net	NRR
PG&E	124,499	115,402	93%	1,867,486	1,731,035	93%
SCG	601,419	557,475	93%	6,615,606	6,132,224	93%
Statewide	725,918	672,877	93%	8,483,093	7,863,259	93%

- » Gross savings are ex-ante pass through values
- » NRR are equal to the ratio of ex-post to ex-ante NTGRs










# **Upstream Lighting**





**ENERGY** 

# **Upstream and Residential Lighting** 2013 ESPI Measure

**Tyler Mahone** 

#### **Upstream and Residential Lighting ESPI Measures**

- Provide ex-post savings impacts for residential and upstream lighting measures identified as part of the 2013 ESPI process
  - 15 residential and upstream lighting measure groups identified as part of the 2013 ESPI process
- Evaluation results components from the 2010-2012 program cycle have been applied to 2013 tracking data to determine the ex-post results for 2013
- Ex-post results for the four upstream lighting measure groups that were evaluated in 2010-2012:
  - Lighting Indoor CFL Basic, Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp, Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector, and Lighting Indoor CFL Globe
  - Referred to as "2013 evaluated ESPI measures"

# **Quantity of Rebated Measures by IOU, Delivery Method and Measure Group**

Delivery method	Measure Group	PG&E	SCE	SDG&E	Statewide
	Lighting Indoor CFL > 30 Watts	95,848	1,704,024	5,785	1,805,657
	Lighting Indoor CFL 3 Way	13,805	31,758	184	45,747
	Lighting Indoor CFL A Lamp	379,690	742,368	398,910	1,520,968
	Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	1,104,105	719,416	1,397,026	3,220,547
	Lighting Indoor CFL Dimming		3,535		3,535
Upstream Measures	Lighting Indoor CFL Globe		108,130	33,709	141,839
	Lighting Indoor CFL Other	100	4,359		4,459
	Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	446,312	981,844	343,785	1,771,941
	Lighting Indoor LED Fixture	158,593			158,593
	Lighting Indoor LED Lamp	99,980			99,980
	Lighting Indoor LED Reflector Lamp	92,061			92,061
	Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	55,283	669	5,022	60,974
	Lighting Indoor CFL Globe		189		189
	Lighting Indoor CFL Other		8,463		8,463
Residential	Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	6,397	3,627	245	10,269
Downstream	Lighting Indoor LED Lamp	93			93
Install	Lighting Indoor LED Reflector Lamp	616			616
Measures	Lighting Indoor Other		33,544		33,544
	Lighting Outdoor CFL Basic	2,230	2,825	51	5,106
	Lighting Outdoor CFL Fixture		12		12
	Lighting Outdoor CFL Reflector	619	357		976

#### **Data Sources**

- Final Report WO028: Impact Evaluation of 2010-2012 California IOU Residential, Advanced, and Upstream Lighting Programs
- Final Report WO21: Residential On-site Study: California Lighting and Appliance Saturation Study (CLASS 2012)
- California Database for Energy Efficient Resources (DEER) <u>http://www.energy.ca.gov/deer/</u>.

#### Results



Adjustments to Quantity of Measures Rebated

Gross Savings Calculations Net Savings Calculations

#### **Adjustments to Quantity of Measures Rebated**

- The quantity adjustments determined by the 2010-2012 program evaluation were applied to the measure quantities in the 2013 IOU tracking data
- Invoice Verification
  - 100%
- Residential versus Non-residential



#### Share of Upstream Lighting Program Measures **Investor-Owned Utility (IOU)** Non-residential **Residential** Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E) 7% 93% Southern California Edison (SCE) 6% 94% San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) 6% 94% Overall 7% 93% Leakage

- 0%

#### **Gross Savings**



#### **Gross Savings - Installation Rate**

The 2010-2012 impact evaluation applied an installation rate of 97 percent to all evaluated upstream CFLs

> Installation rate is defined as the percentage of upstream lamps that will ultimately be installed by customers.



## **Gross Savings - HOU and Peak Coincidence Factor**

#### HOU

	PG&E		SCE		SDG&E	
Measure Group	HOU	90% CI	HOU	90% CI	HOU	90% CI
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	1.6	0.2	1.9	0.2	1.4	0.2
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	1.5	0.2	1.9	0.2	1.3	0.3
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	1.7	0.3	1.9	0.2	1.2	0.4
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	1.2	0.3	1.6	0.3	1.0	0.4

#### Peak Coincidence

	PG&E		SCE		SDG&E	
Measure Group	Book CE 90%	Dook CE	90%	Peak CF	90%	
		CI	Peak CF		CI	CI
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	5.4%	1.3%	6.7%	1.4%	4.4%	1.8%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	4.6%	1.6%	6.2%	1.5%	4.4%	2.0%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	5.4%	2.1%	6.5%	1.9%	3.8%	2.5%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	5.4%	2.2%	6.9%	1.9%	4.2%	2.4%

Measure Group	Wattage category	PG&E	SCE	SDG&E
	Baseline Watt	60.6	60.8	61.8
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	Rebated Watt	15.4	14.4	15.8
	Delta Watts	45.2	46.4	46.0
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	Baseline Watt	60.6	60.8	61.8
	Rebated Watt	16.8	19.3	14.5
	Delta Watts	43.8	41.5	47.3
	Baseline Watt	71.0	68.3	66.4
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	Rebated Watt	16.6	19.2	17.5
	Delta Watts	54.4	49.1	48.9
	Baseline Watt	n/a	46.1	45.9
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	Rebated Watt	n/a	18.8	13.1
	Delta Watts	n/a	27.3	32.8

#### **Gross Savings - HVAC Interactive Effects**

- DEER includes savings factors for kWh, kW, and therms for indoor CFL measures.
- These savings factors are applied to the direct impacts as a multiplier for both kWh and kW and a decrement factor of therm/kWh for therm impacts.

	CFL HVAC Interactive Effect Adjustment	IOU			
Building Type		PG&E	SCE	SDG&E	
	kWh	1.02	1.07	1.03	
Residential	kW	1.33	1.4	1.23	
	therms	-0.025	-0.019	-0.018	
	kWh	1.06	1.12	1.12	
Commercial	kW	1.21	1.24	1.23	
	therms	-0.0061	-0.0032	-0.0028	

#### **Gross Savings - Residential Unit Energy Savings**

- UES (kWh/year):  $IR_p \times HOU_p \times \Delta W_p/1000 \times IE_p$ , where:
  - $IR_p$  = installation rate for IOU-discounted product p
  - $HOU_p$  = annual average hours of use for IOU-discounted product p
  - $-\Delta W_p$  = average displaced wattage for IOU-discounted product p
  - IE<sub>p</sub> = DEER HVAC Interactive Effects for IOU-discounted product p
- UES (peak kW):  $IR_p \times CF_p \times \Delta W_p/1000 \times IE_p$ , where:
  - IR<sub>p</sub> = installation rate for IOU-discounted product p
  - $CF_p$  = average percent on at peak for IOU-discounted product p
  - $-\Delta W_p$  = average displaced wattage for IOU-discounted product p
  - IE<sub>p</sub> = DEER HVAC Interactive Effects for IOU-discounted product p

#### **Gross Savings - Non-Residential Unit Energy Savings**

- Between 6% and 7% of upstream CFLs were in non-residential applications.
- DEER-approved weighted commercial UES value was applied to the average wattage of rebated measures.

Non-Residential UES Values	PG&E	SCE	SDG&E
kWh per Watt	8.17	8.71	8.71
kW per Watt	0.002	0.002	0.002

#### **Gross Savings Results**

- Overall, for the 2013 evaluated ESPI measures, the ex-post savings results were greater than the ex-ante values, resulting in a realization rate of greater than 100%
- The differences between the ex post results and the ex ante results are primarily due to the following factors:
  - -Installation Rate
  - -Hours-of-Use
  - -Peak Coincidence factor
  - -Residential vs Non-Residential split

## **Gross Savings Results – kWh – All IOUs**

All IOUs	Ex-ante Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-post Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Gross Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	66,476,420	108,640,679	163%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	38,063,816	52,793,076	139%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	52,960,319	71,861,315	136%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	4,250,029	3,465,148	82%
Pass-through Measure Groups	141,337,814	141,337,814	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	303,088,399	378,098,031	125%

### **Gross Savings Results - kWh**

PGE	Ex-ante Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-post Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Gross Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	20,711,778	36,809,632	178%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	7,774,633	12,126,647	156%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	10,671,851	18,216,162	171%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	15,422,379	15,422,379	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	54,580,641	82,574,819	151%
SCE	Ex-ante Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-post Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Gross Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	20,667,003	28,464,390	138%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	23,493,994	28,975,628	123%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	35,375,343	43,315,756	122%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	3,844,178	2,835,541	74%
Pass-through Measure Groups	125,555,836	125,555,836	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	208,936,354	229,147,151	110%
SDGE	Ex-ante Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-post Gross Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Gross Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	25,097,639	43,366,657	173%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	6,795,190	11,690,801	172%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	6,913,125	10,329,397	149%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	405,851	629,606	155%
Pass-through Measure Groups	359,599	359,599	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	39,571,404	66,376,061	168%

All IOUs	Ex-ante Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Gross Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	9,139	16,251	178%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	5,309	7,789	147%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	7,041	10,553	150%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	629	637	101%
Pass-through Measure Groups	19,637	19,637	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	41,755	54,866	131%

### **Gross Savings Results - kW**

PGE	Ex-ante Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Gross Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	2,790	5,529	198%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	1,047	1,779	170%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	1,392	2,573	185%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	1,993	1,993	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	7,223	11,873	164%
SCE	Ex-ante Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW	Ex-post Gross Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Gross Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	3,226	4,638	144%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	3,386	4,315	127%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	4,962	6,469	130%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	587	526	90%
Pass-through Measure Groups	17,607	17,607	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	29,767	33,555	113%
	Ex-ante Gross Peak	Ex-post Gross Peak	Gross
SDGE	Demand Impacts	Demand Impacts	Realization
	(kW	(kW)	Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	3,123	6,085	195%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	876	1,695	194%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	687	1,511	220%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	42	110	261%
Pass-through Measure Groups	38	38	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	4,765	9,438	198%

#### **Gross Savings Results – therms – All IOUs**

All IOUs	Ex-ante Gross Annual therm Impacts	Ex-post Gross Annual therm Impacts	Gross Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-1,072,332	-1,702,912	159%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-560,298	-775,436	138%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-843,242	-1,103,960	131%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-63,895	-40,412	63%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-1,957,744	-1,957,744	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-4,497,511	-5,580,463	124%

#### **Gross Savings Results - therms**

PGE	Ex-ante Gross Annual therm Impacts	Ex-post Gross Annual therm Impacts	Gross Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-392,265	-714,792	182%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-147,239	-226,916	154%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-211,034	-364,817	173%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	-284,666	-284,666	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-1,035,204	-1,591,190	154%
SCE	Ex-ante Gross Annual therm Impacts	Ex-post Gross Annual therm Impacts	Gross Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-318,194	-417,846	131%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-317,042	-393,372	124%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-509,202	-609,759	120%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-56,676	-33,162	59%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-1,667,454	-1,667,454	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-2,868,567	-3,121,594	109%
SDGE	Ex-ante Gross Annual therm Impacts	Ex-post Gross Annual therm Impacts	Gross Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-361,874	-570,274	158%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-96,017	-155,148	162%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-123,006	-129,384	105%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-7,219	-7,250	100%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-5,623	-5,623	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-593,740	-867,679	146%

- Net savings determined by applying NTG ratios:
  - The portion of IOU-discounted lighting products that would not have been sold, purchased, or installed had it not been for the upstream lighting program
  - The NTG ratios applied to the four 2013 evaluated ESPI measures are the evaluated results from the 2010-2012 impact report:

Measure Group	PG&E	SCE	SDG&E
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	60%	66%	57%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	72%	82%	81%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	55%	62%	53%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	75%	71%

#### **Net Savings Results - Kwh - All IOUs**

All IOUs	Ex-ante Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-Post Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Net Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	36,916,524	65,591,271	178%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	21,435,770	41,960,750	196%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	30,398,020	42,349,238	139%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	3,047,496	2,573,677	84%
Pass-through Measure Groups	79,157,066	79,157,066	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	170,954,877	231,632,001	135%

#### **Net Savings Results - Kwh**

PGE	Ex-ante Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-Post Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Net Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	11,184,360	22,085,779	197%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	4,198,302	8,731,186	208%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	5,762,800	10,018,889	174%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	10,815,079	10,815,079	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	31,960,541	51,650,933	162%
SCE	Ex-ante Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-Post Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Net Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	12,179,439	18,786,497	154%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	13,568,066	23,760,015	175%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	20,902,133	26,855,768	128%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	2,828,337	2,126,656	75%
Pass-through Measure Groups	68,100,550	68,100,550	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	117,578,525	139,629,487	119%
SDGE	Ex-ante Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Ex-Post Net Annual Energy Impacts (kWh/year)	Net Realization Rate (kWh/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	13,552,725	24,718,995	182%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	3,669,403	9,469,549	258%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	3,733,087	5,474,581	147%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	219,160	447,021	204%
Pass-through Measure Groups	241,436	241,436	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	21,415,811	40,351,581	188%

All IOUs	Ex-ante Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Net Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	5,097	9,847	193%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	3,006	6,192	206%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	4,087	6,227	152%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	459	473	103%
Pass-through Measure Groups	10,950	10,950	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	23,599	33,689	143%

#### **Net Savings Results - kW**

PGE	Ex-ante Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Net Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	1,507	3,317	220%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	566	1,281	226%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	752	1,415	188%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	1,392	1,392	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	4,217	7,405	176%
SCE	Ex-ante Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Net Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	1,904	3,061	161%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	1,967	3,538	180%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	2,964	4,011	135%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	436	395	91%
Pass-through Measure Groups	9,533	9,533	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	16,804	20,538	122%
SDGE	Ex-ante Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Ex-post Net Peak Demand Impacts (kW)	Net Realization Rate (kW)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	1,686	3,468	206%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	473	1,373	290%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	371	801	216%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	23	78	343%
Pass-through Measure Groups	25	25	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	2,578	5,745	223%

#### **Net Savings Results – therms – All IOUs**

All IOUs	Ex-ante Net Annual therm Savings	Ex-post Net Annual therm Savings	Net Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-595,177	-1,029,710	173%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-316,415	-611,614	193%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-483,815	-647,274	134%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-46,277	-30,019	65%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-1,109,442	-1,109,442	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-2,551,126	-3,428,058	134%

PGE	Ex-ante Net Annual therm Savings	Ex-post Net Annual therm Savings	Net Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-211,823	-428,875	202%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-79,509	-163,380	205%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-113,958	-200,649	176%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pass-through Measure Groups	-202,190	-202,190	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-607,481	-995,094	164%
SCE	Ex-ante Net Annual therm Savings	Ex-post Net Annual therm Savings	Net Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-187,942	-275,779	147%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-185,057	-322,565	174%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-303,433	-378,051	125%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-42,379	-24,871	59%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-903,576	-903,576	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-1,622,387	-1,904,841	117%
SDGE	Ex-ante Net Annual therm Savings	Ex-post Net Annual therm Savings	Net Realization Rate (therms/year)
Lighting Indoor CFL Basic	-195,412	-325,056	166%
Lighting Indoor CFL A-Lamp	-51,849	-125,670	242%
Lighting Indoor CFL Reflector	-66,423	-68,574	103%
Lighting Indoor CFL Globe	-3,898	-5,147	132%
Pass-through Measure Groups	-3,676	-3,676	100%
All Residential and Upstream Lighting ESPI Measures	-321,259	-528,123	164%



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# **HVAC**





#### **ENERGY**

# Quality Maintenance (QM) 2013 ESPI Measure

#### **Description of ESPI Measure**

QM

A specific statewide program that provides tune-ups on HVAC systems according to ANSI/ASHRAE/ACCA Standard 180.

QMrelated measures Any other measure intended to improve the efficiency of HVAC systems offered through various programs

Parameters updated

- Installation rate of economizer and refrigerant charge adjustment measures.
- kWh, kW, and therms where workpaper savings could be matched to tracking data

#### **Tracking Data Measure Breakdown for 5 Commercial QM Programs**

Non-Residential QM Measures and Savings Ranked by Percent of Total Non-Residential QM Savings (2013 and Q1-Q2 2014)



### **QM Focused Programs in 2013**

Program ID	Program Name	Measure Count	Workpaper
PGE21006	RESIDENTIAL HVAC	4,701	PGECOHVC139
PGE21008	ENHANCE TIME DELAY RELAY	5,147	PGECOHVC150
PGE21009	DIRECT INSTALL FOR MANUFACTURED AND MOBILE HOMES	6,926	PGECOHVC139
PGE21015	COMMERCIAL HVAC	21,436	PGECOHVC138, PGECOHVC144,
PGE21016	AIR CARE PLUS	12,364	PGE3PHVC151, PGE3PHVC152, PGE3PHVC153, PGE3PHVC156, PGE3PHVC157, PGE3PHVC158, PGE3PHVC160
SCE-13-TP-001	COMPREHENSIVE MANUFACTURED HOMES	10,495	SCE13HC028, SCE13HC029
SCE-13-SW-001E	RESIDENTIAL HVAC PROGRAM	3,780	SCE13HC040
SCE-13-SW-002F	NONRESIDENTIAL HVAC PROGRAM	44,542	SCE13HC037, SCE13HC040 SCE13HC049
SCE-13-SW-010B	WE&T CONNECTIONS	703	SCE13HC011
SDGE3212	SW-CALS - RESIDENTIAL HVAC-QI/QM	1,135	WPSDGEREHC1065
SDGE3223	SW-COM-DEEMED INCENTIVES- COMMERCIAL REBATES	6	WPSDGENRHC1010, WPSDGENRHC1020
SDGE3224	SW-COM-DEEMED INCENTIVES-HVAC COMMERCIAL	29,892	WPSDGENRHC1040.
SDGE3226	SW-COM DIRECT INSTALL	8,360	WPSDGEREHC1065
SDGE3279	3P-RES-COMPREHENSIVE MANUFACTURED-MOBILE HOME	5,484	WPSDGEREHC1065

#### **Additional Programs with Some QM Measures**

Program ID	Program Name	Measure Count
PGE210111	LODGINGSAVERS	53
PGE210118	FURNITURE STORE ENERGY EFFICIENCY	38
PGE21012	COMMERCIAL DEEMED INCENTIVES	10
PGE210122	CASINO GREEN	1
PGE210125	CALIFORNIA PRESCHOOL ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM	59
PGE210126	K-12 PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES AUDIT RETRO	15
PGE2110051	LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENERGY ACTION RESOURCES (LGEAR)	1
PGE211007	ASSOCIATION OF MONTEREY BAY AREA GOVERNMENTS (AMBAG)	7
PGE211011	KERN	33
PGE211018	SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY	3
SCE-13-L-003G	UC/CSU ENERGY EFFICIENCY PARTNERSHIP	1
SCE-13-SW-002C	COMMERCIAL DEEMED INCENTIVES PROGRAM	1
SCE-13-SW- 002D	COMMERCIAL DIRECT INSTALL PROGRAM	1
SCE-13-TP-013	COOL SCHOOLS	7
SDGE3211	LOCAL-CALS - MIDDLE INCOME DIRECT INSTALL (MIDI)	138
SDGE3220	SW-COM-CALCULATED INCENTIVES-CALCULATED	2
SDGE3233	SW-IND-DEEMED INCENTIVES	3
Grand Total		373

#### **Sources – Ex Ante Savings from Workpapers**

Measure Category	Service Incentive	Related Workpapers
	Evaporator Coil Cleaning Condenser Coil Cleaning Refrigerant System Service Refrigerant Adjustment and Coil Cleaning	WPSDGENRHC1010 WPSDGENRHC1020 WPSDGENRHC1040 WPSDGEREHC1065
RCA and Coil Cleaning	Refrigerant Adjustment and Coil Cleaning Condenser Coil Cleaning Evaporator Coil Cleaning Condenser Coil Cleaning Refrigerant Charge and Airflow Service Nonresidential HVAC RTU Quality Maintenance Residential HVAC Quality Maintenance	SCE13HC029 SCE13HC037 PGE3PHVC158 PGE3PHVC156 PGE3PHVC160 PGECOHVC138 PGECOHVC139
Economizer Repair and Control Revision	Economizer Functional Test Economizer Functional Test Integrate Economizer Wiring Integrate Economizer Wiring Replace Damper Motor Replace Damper Motor Replace Controller/Sensor Replace Controller/Sensor Replace Controller/Sensor Renovate Linkage and Other Components Economizer Control Package Economizer Adjustment	SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   SCE13HC037   PGE3HVC151   PGE3HVC152   PGE3HVC151   PGE3HVC151   PGE3HVC151   PGE3HVC151
Thermostat Replacement and Reprogramming	Replace Thermostat Unoccupied Fan Control Replace Thermostat Adjust Thermostat Schedule	PGE3PHVC153 PGE3PHVC157 SCE13HC049
Filter Replacement	Air Filter Replacement	WPSDGENRHC1030
Cogged V-Belt Replacement	HVAC Fans Cogged V-belt Replacement	PGECOHVC144
Motor Retrofit	Residential Evaporator Motor Retrofit Brushless Fan Motor for Residential Central AC Residential Motor Retrofit	SCE13HC029 SCE13HC028 WPSDGEREHC1065
Data from the 2010-12 impact evaluation and 2013-14 measurement and verification pilot sites were applied



Refrigerant charge adjustment data was applied only to two local programs

Economizer data was applied across all programs with economizer repair measures

### Field Data Collection (Refrigerant Charge Adjustment)

- Pilot included random sample of 7 packaged rooftop air conditioners from project year 2013.
  - Refrigerant charge removed, weighed, and added according to manufacturer's recommendations for the HVAC unit.
  - Program records showed how much charge was added or removed by the program.
  - The team calculated program-assumed energy efficiency ratings (using the efficiency curve in the 2009 PG&E workpaper) based on claimed initial charge, actual initial charge, and final charge state.

### Field Data Collection (Economizer)



- The team observed 33 economizers in AirCare Plus and 8 economizers in SDG&E Local Programs
- Overall, only 5% of economizer measures in the PG&E AirCare Plus program sample and none in the SDG&E local program sample passed the post-diagnostic assessment.
- Considering the effective useful life of the measures and the timing of inspections, we assumed that an average of 20% of the measures would have failed at the time of the inspection.
- Therefore, the installation rate was estimated to be 25% for PG&E AirCare Plus and 20% for SDG&E's local program.

Attempt to Merge with	Successfully Merged with	IR Updated	Updated with Disposition values (When values from Tracking Data did not match disposition)			
Disposition	Disposition		No	Yes		
Νο	No	No	Pass through (105,484)			
	INO	Yes	Updated (39)			
	No	No	Pass through (3,566)			
Voc		Yes	Updated (3,221)			
Tes	Yes	No	Pass through (1,203)	Updated (29,967)		
		Yes	Updated (3,118)	Updated (8,707)		
Total (155,3	05)		116,631	38,674		

### **Results – Reasons for Inability to Match tracking to Disposition**

Primary reasons why tracking data failed to merge with disposition sheets:

- Building type was not specified in tracking data, but was required on disposition sheet
  - Building type listed in tracking data was not available on disposition sheet (i.e., GRO, NRS)
- Climate Zone listed in tracking data was not available on disposition sheet (i.e., system)

HVAC type was not available in tracking data, but required on disposition sheet (i.e., any)

### kWh Results by Measure Group

Measure Group	Ex-Ante Gross Savings kWh (sum)	Ex-Post Gross Savings kWh (sum)	No of UES Updates	No. of Claims	% of claims updated	Ex Post kWh/Ex Ante kWh
HVAC OTHER	61,561	0	0	1,224	0%	0%
HVAC DUCT SEALING	287,126	0	0	3,217	0%	0%
HVAC AIR FILTER REPLACEMENT	555,634	0	0	2,035	0%	0%
HVAC DCV	735,704	0	0	9	0%	0%
HVAC CONTROLS TIME DELAY RELAY	2,620,195	0	4,922	8,474	58%	0%
HVAC CONTROLS FAN	2,901,770	3,920,029	1,060	1,376	77%	135%
HVAC CONTROLS THERMOSTAT	2,970,591	0	0	9,875	0%	0%
HVAC CONTROLS PTAC	4,883,502	0	39	1,563	2%	0%
HVAC ECONOMIZER REPAIR	5,614,767	0	5,364	17,129	31%	0%
HVAC MOTOR REPLACEMENT	6,253,090	30,301	5,360	10,273	52%	0%
HVAC COIL CLEANING	6,384,419	508,001	15,494	30,774	50%	8%
HVAC RCA	6,611,613	1,713,105	2,300	66,046	3%	26%

Parameters	Ex Ante	Ex Post
RCA Install Rate	89%	77%
Economizer Install Rate	97%	23%



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## Ductless Mini & Multi-Split Heat Pumps <65 kBtuh

2013 ESPI Measure

### **Description of Mini-split and Multi-split Measures**

These measures are the replacement-on-burnout (ROB) of conventional splitsystem air conditioning units <65 kBtuh in commercial applications with equivalently sized, mini-split, ductless heat pump (HP) systems with a seasonal energy efficiency ratio (SEER) of 16, 19, and 22, and multi-split SEER of 16 and 19.

Investor- Owned Utility (IOU)	Workpaper Title	Measure Description
Southern California Edison (SCE)	Ductless Mini-Split and Multi-Split Heat Pump units under 65 kBtuh. May 30, 2012.	Single- and multi-zone configurations <65 kBtuh
SCE	Variable Refrigerant Flow Commercial Heat Pumps & Heat Recovery Systems >65 kBtuh. May 25, 2012.	Single and multi-zone configurations, with and without heat recovery, >65 kBtuh
Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E)	Variable Refrigerant Flow Nonresidential Systems. August 28, 2012.	All variable refrigerant-flow system sizes with single- or multi-zone configurations

### **Description of Mini-split Measure**

Mini-split and multi-split measures:



Measure name
Ductless mini-split SEER 16 HP units <65 kBtuh
Ductless mini-split SEER 19 HP units <65 kBtuh
Ductless mini-split SEER 22 HP units <65 kBtuh
Ductless multi-split SEER 16 HP units <65 kBtuh
Ductless multi-split SEER 19 HP units <65 kBtuh

- There are a total of five measures included in the SCE workpaper.
- The baseline is a 13 SEER commercial split system <65 kBtuh.
- Only cooling savings are accounted for.
- These are nonresidential applications only
- Variable refrigerant-flow, nonresidential system measures are not included

Mini-split updated parameters:

- Unit energy savings: EvalUESkW, EvalUESkWh, EvalUESTherms
- First year savings: 1stYrGrossKW, 1stYrGrosskWh, 1stYrGrossTherms
- Life cycle savings: LifeCycleNetKW, LifeCycleNetkWh, LifeCycleNetTherms
- Data Sources:
  - Program tracking data: 2013 SCE Quarters 2, 3 and 4
  - Workpaper: Ductless Mini-Split and Multi-Split Heat Pump units under 65 kBtuh
  - California Database for Energy Efficient Resources (DEER)

### SCE program tracking data in 2013 Q2, Q3, and Q4

Measure ID	Measure name	Counts	Tonnage
AC-39892	Ductless mini-split SEER 16 HP units <65 kBtuh	28	51.4
AC-70999	Ductless mini-split SEER 19 HP units <65 kBtuh	76	151.5
AC-95843	Ductless mini-split SEER 22 HP units <65 kBtuh	6	17.3
AC-67222	Ductless multi-split SEER 16 HP units <65 kBtuh	7	25.4
AC-80111	Ductless multi-split SEER 19 HP units <65 kBtuh	0	0.0
	Total	117	245.6

Comparison between tracking data and savings based on the workpaper (WP)

		kW			kWh			therms	
	Tracking	WP	Ratio	Tracking	WP	Ratio	Tracking	WP	Ratio
AC-39892	2.6	2.5	0.96	17,053	16,060	0.94	-46	0	N/A
AC-70999	21.3	22.1	1.04	132,339	127,080	0.96	-401	0	N/A
AC-95843	5.1	4.1	0.81	42,654	29,201	0.68	22	0	N/A
AC-67222	1.2	1.2	0.96	7,381	6,951	0.94	-17	0	N/A
Total	30.2	29.9	0.99	199,427	179,292	0.90	-441.2	0.0	N/A

### **Approach Comparison**

**Deemed Savings** 

Comparison of DEER databases used by SCE workpaper and ESPI memo

	Workpaper	ESPI Memo
DEER Version	DEER 2011 Version D11 v4.00	DEER 2011 Version D11 v4.00
Last Modification Date	June 15, 2009	February 13, 2012
SEER for Residential	13, 14, 16, 19, and 21	13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21
SEER for Non- residential	13 and 14	13 and 14

There are minor differences in forecasted savings between these two data sources for the units with the same SEER number

	Workpaper	ESPI Memo
Project Types	The workpaper specified savings for ROB for existing systems but the tracking data also used the same savings for new construction project	Uses different deemed savings for pre- existing and new construction projects
Scaling factors	Calculated based on simple averages of the unit energy savings across all building types, all IOUs and all Climate Zones (CZ).	Calculated for each of climate zones in SCE territories (CZ 05, 06, 08, 09, 10, 13, 14, 15, and 16)
Average Method	Straight average	Capacity tonnage weighted average
Savings from Eliminating Ducting	14% for kWh and 25% for kW	No change

- Calculated deemed savings for pre-existing and new construction projects
  Scaling factors:
  - Use a combination of residential and commercial baseline values
  - By climate zone
  - Capacity tonnage weighted average



- New scaling factors and unit energy savings based on the more recent DEER database were used to update unit energy savings, first year savings, and life cycle savings
- The new results can provide savings results for each CZ and SEER number. The updated scaling factors are based on updated DEER data.

Total first-year gross savings comparison for each measure:

		kW			kWh			therms	
	Ex-ante	Ex-post	Ratio	Ex-ante	Ex-post	Ratio	Ex-ante	Ex-post	Ratio
AC- 39892	2.6	3.3	1.31	17,053	25,439	1.49	-46	0	N/A
AC- 70999	21.3	26.6	1.25	132,339	199,853	1.51	-401	0	N/A
AC- 95843	5.1	8.5	1.68	42,654	57,621	1.35	22	0	N/A
AC- 67222	1.2	1.4	1.14	7,381	10,421	1.41	-17	0	N/A
Total	30.2	39.9	1.32	199,427	293,335	1.47	-441.2	0.0	N/A
	32%	increase		47% iı	ncrease	Ν	lo therms savings	s	

Total first year gross savings comparison between ex-ante and ex-post data



#### Deemed savings for pre-existing buildings and new construction.



6.5% greater kW savings for new construction

Unit power and demand savings for commercial SEER 14 units in individual Climate Zones

The residential scaling factors were used to calculate savings for each climate zone and each SEER level based on tonnage weighted demand savings.



kWh savings scaling factors for each Climate Zone and each SEER number

# **Thank you.** Questions?

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# Home Upgrade Program



#### DNV·GL

#### ENERGY

### Whole House Retrofit Home Upgrade Program

2013 ESPI Measure



### **Description of ESPI Measure**

The Whole House Retrofit programs provide wide-ranging energy efficiency measures to existing residential dwellings. The main objectives of the program are to:

> Promote completion of retrofits based on preferred building science loading order

Funnel participation to core Energy Efficiency (EE), Demand Response (DR), and distributed generation portfolios

 Increase awareness of energy savings retrofits through statewide coordinated marketing campaigns

 Coordinate with communities, local governments, and allied third-parties for outreach on local retrofit and available contractor training opportunities

For this ESPI update, the evaluation team applied the realization rates (RRs) estimated in the 2010-2012 impact evaluation. All other factors, including unit energy savings (UES), effective useful life (EUL), installation rate (IR), quantity, and net-to-gross (NTG), are as estimated by the investor-owned utilities (IOUs) for the 2013 program.

### **Sources**

Whole House Retrofit Impact Evaluation. Evaluation of the Energy Upgrade California Programs (Work Order 46), September 2014 (CALMAC report ID: CPU0093.01) This study estimated gross RRs and NTG ratios

- The NTG ratio estimates (not applied to the ESPI update) were based on a program participant survey
- The gross RR was estimated with billing analysis of program participants with a comparison group
  - Billing analysis based on 12 months preand 12 months post-participation energy use (electric and gas)
  - The comparison group was comprised of future program participants

### **Billing Analysis Sample Sizes**

IOU		Group	Basic		Advanced		
			2011	2012	2011	2012	
	Floctric	Comparison	-	-	854	704	
DC%E	LIECUIC	Participants	-	-	422	1,203	
FGQE	Cas	Comparison	-	-	1,489	1,063	
	GdS	Participants	-	-	854	2,030	
005	Floctric	Comparison	712	340	712	340	
SCE	Electric	Participants	313	721	149	303	
500	Cas	Comparison	-	-	346	66	
SCG	GdS	Participants	-	-	2011 854 422 1,489 854 712 149 346 57 302 113 296 110	479	
	Floctric	Comparison	302	32	302	32	
	Electric	Participants	19	303	113	109	
SDGGE	Cas	Comparison	296	38	296	38	
	GdS	Participants	20	295	110	107	

(a) When applicable, the comparison groups are the same for Basic and Advanced and for both years

### **Application of Impact Evaluation RR factors to the ESPI Update**

- The 2010-2012 impact evaluation estimated RRs and NTG ratios
- The evaluation team decided to apply the RRs from the study, but not the NTG ratios
- We expect that the NTG ratios will increase as the program matures
- We expect that the 2013 RRs were similar to 2010-2012 because:
  - 1. The 2013 distribution of program participants by Climate Zone (CZ) was similar to 2010-2012. In 2013:
    - PG&E: CZ 3 and 12 were 62% of ex ante kWh and 74% of ex ante therms
    - SCE and SCG: CZ 9 represented 65% of ex ante kWh and 63% of ex ante therms
    - SDG&E: CZ 7 represented 53% of ex ante kWh and 65% of ex ante therms
  - 2. The software used for ex ante estimation in 2010-2012 was still in use in 2013

### **Comparison of Ex Ante and Ex Post RRs and NTG Ratios**

			Used in 2013 Ex Ante		Estimated in Stu	1 2010-2012 Idy
ΡΑ	Program ID	Measure Group	RR (kW and kWh)	RR (therms)	RR (kW and kWh)	RR (therms)
		Cust	tom			
PGE	PGE21004	whole building retrofit	0.40	0.60	0.128	0.356
PGE	PGE21004	lighting indoor other	0.40	0.60	0.128	0.356
PGE	PGE21004	other	0.90	0.90	0.128	0.356
SCE	SCE-13-SW-001D	whole building retrofit	0.90	0.90	0.503	n/a
SCG	SCG3705	whole building retrofit	0.80	0.80	n/a	0.634
SDGE	SDGE3209	whole building retrofit	0.40	0.80	0.140	0.365
		Deer	ned			
PGE	PGE21004	whole building retrofit	1.00	1.00	1.000 *	1.000 *
SCE	SCE-13-SW-001D	whole building retrofit	1.00	1.00	0.880	n/a
SCG	SCG3705	whole building retrofit	1.00	1.00	n/a	1.000 *
SDGE	SDGE3209	lighting indoor led lamp	1.00	1.00	0.308	0.391
SDGE	SDGE3209	plug load sensor	1.00	1.00	0.308	0.391
SDGE	SDGE3209	water heating faucet aerator	1.00	1.00	0.308	0.391
SDGE	SDGE3209	water heating showerhead	1.00	1.00	0.308	0.391

\* Pass through (not estimated in the 2010-2012 evaluation)

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# **Results: Whole House Retrofit Programs Comparison of 2013 Ex Ante and Ex Post kW, kWh, and therms**

ΡΑ	Gross Savings kW	Gross Savings kWh	Gross Savings therms	Net Savings kW	Net Savings kWh	Net Savings therms		
			Ex Ante					
PG&E	2,386	2,407,813	507,828	2,028	2,046,585	431,643		
SCE	2,051	1,577,643	135,668	1,129	868,130	74,893		
SCG	-	1,749	122,042	-	1,487	103,735		
SDG&E	113	142,474	16,292	96	119,288	13,824		
TOTAL	4,549	4,129,680	781,829	3,252	3,035,490	624,095		
Ex Post Using RR from 2010-2012 Study and NTG from 2013 Ex Ante								
PG&E	652	554,885	243,131	554	471,596	206,651		
SCE	1,150	882,585	75,086	635	486,107	41,297		
SCG	-	1,166	96,593	-	991	82,101		
SDG&E	25	30,324	6,558	4	5,401	5,563		
TOTAL	1,826	1,468,961	421,368	1,192	964,095	335,612		
Ex Post	t Using RR from	2010-2012 Stu	dy and NTG fro	m 2013 Ex Ant	e as Percent of	Ex Ante		
PG&E	27%	23%	48%	27%	23%	48%		
SCE	56%	56%	55%	56%	56%	55%		
SCG		67%	79%		67%	79%		
SDG&E	22%	21%	40%	4%	5%	40%		
TOTAL	40%	36%	54%	37%	32%	54%		

# **Thank you.** Questions?

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# **Water Kits**









#### Measures:

Water Kits, faucet aerators, low-flow showerheads

### **Delivery**:



Residential and multifamily programs implemented by San Diego Gas &

Electric (SDGE) & Southern California Gas Company (SCG)

#### Programs:

Program ID	Measure Name
SDGE3207	Water Heating-Faucet Aerators
SDGE3207	Water Heating-Low-Flow Showerheads
SDGE3203	Water Saving Kit
SCG3702	Water Saving Kit

### Sources

February 22, 2013 California Public Utilities Commission Energy Division Workpaper Disposition for Water Fixtures:



For each program measure, the DNV GL & Apex evaluation team applied:

- Unit energy savings (UES) by installed Climate Zone
- ISR by delivery mechanism and housing type
- Net-to-gross (NTG) ratio by delivery mechanism and housing type

	Claimed Value (ex ante)	Recommended Value (ex post)					
Faucet Aerators – SDGE 3207							
UES (average per unit)	1.5	0.84					
ISR	0.59	0.67					
NTG	0.65	0.65					
Low Flow Showerheads – SDGE 3207							
UES (average per unit)	7.5	8.12					
ISR	0.74	0.74					
NTG	0.55	0.7					
Water Saving Kits – SDGE 3203							
UES (average per unit)	16.4	14.52					
ISR	0.76	0.45					
NTG	0.55	0.55					
Water Saving Kits – SCG 3702							
UES (average per unit)	16.4	14.46					
ISR	0.43	0.45					
NTG	0.55	0.55					

Overall:

Gross Savings Realization Rate: 66%

Net Savings Realization Rate: 71%

Program ID	Measure Name	First Yea Savings (	r Gross Therms)	First Year Net Savings (Therms)	
		Ex Ante	Ex Post	Ex Ante	Ex Post
SDGE3207	Water Heating-Faucet Aerators	3,160	2,006	2,054	1,304
SDGE3207	Water Heating–Low-Flow Showerhead	4,124	4,463	2,268	3,124
SCG3702	Water Saving Kit	183	169	101	93
SDGE3203	Water Saving Kit	13,000	6,813	7,150	3,747
Total Water Kit Savings		20,467	13,451	11,573	8,268



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# **Pool Pumps**





#### **ENERGY**

### Variable-Speed Pool Pumps 2013 ESPI Measure

**Elizabeth Steele** 



- Measure is for a new, variable-speed drive (VSD) pool pump in a single family home as part of program implemented by San Diego Gas & Electric, program ID: SDGE3203.
- Baseline is a California Code of Regulations Title 20, minimally code compliant two-speed pump.
- The workpaper assumes savings result from the VSD pump running just fast enough to produce the required flow rate.
  - VSD pumps will operate at two speeds—high speed to support pool sweepers and low speed for water filtration, but these will be lower than the two-speed baseline model.
- Because this is a replace on burnout measure, savings are not based on existing equipment.
- The workpaper assumes a default net-to-gross ratio of 0.55 from the California Database for Energy Efficient Resources (DEER).
- The workpaper assumes an effective useful life (EUL) of 10 years.

### Sources

- SDGE Workpaper Residential Variable-Speed Pool Pump provided the ex ante savings and inputs:
  - Hours of operation came from the 2009 Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PGE)/KEMA Mass Markets Study.
  - Pump flow rates came from a Pentair Technical Training Manual.
  - Pump power draw also came from Pentair's manual.
  - Since this measure is not weather dependent, the savings were the same for all Climate Zones (1,169 kWh and 0.166 kW).
- DEER does not include variable-speed pool pumps:
  - Two-speed pumps were included in previous versions, but were removed in 2011 since Title 20 no longer allowed single-speed pumps.
  - Two-speed pumps had an EUL of 10 years in DEER, which was used in the workpaper for VSD pumps.
  - This EUL was confirmed in Hawaii and Pennsylvania technical reference manuals (TRMs).

### **Discussion & Results**

- Pump affinity laws show that small changes in flow rate can result in large changes in energy consumption. The DNV GL review team was unable to verify the flow rates used in the workpaper.
- The review team was also unable to verify the power draw (838 W at high speed, 130 W at low speed) used in the workpaper for the VSD pump. The team suggests using the Pennsylvania TRM's regression curve instead.
  - TRMs go through an independent technical review while the Pentair documentation is from the manufacturer.
  - The Pennsylvania TRM regression results in a power draw of 803 W (high) and 299 W (low), which leads to annual savings that are 68% of the savings claimed in the workpaper.
  - DNV GL recommends a conservative adjustment factor of 75% be applied to the ex ante savings. This results in adjusted savings of 877 kWh and 0.125 kW.
  - Updated Unit Energy Savings and therefore Gross, Net and Lifecycle Savings.

### **Discussion & Results**

- The workpaper used a residential HVAC load shape in its calculations.
  - The workpaper noted that there is not a residential pool-pump load shape, but did not detail the rationale to use a residential HVAC load shape instead.
  - It is unlikely the hours of operation for a HVAC load shape are similar to those of a residential pool pump. HVAC usage peaks in middle to late afternoon while the workpaper's supporting documentation shows that pool pump loads are higher in the morning and early afternoon.

• DNV GL recommends the workpaper develop a more conservative and poolpump-specific load shape that accounts for higher pump power earlier in the operating cycle and low pump power in the rest of the cycle

### Results

Per unit Savings	Energy Savings (kWh)	Demand Savings (kW)
Ex Ante Savings from Workpaper	1,169	0.166
Ex Post Adjusted Savings	877	0.125

Total Gross Program Savings	Energy Savings (kWh)	Demand Savings (kW)
Ex Ante Savings from Workpaper	2,727,277	387.3
Ex Post Adjusted Savings	2,045,574	291.6

### References

- California Code of Regulations, Title 20: Division 2, Chapter 4, Article 4, Sections 1601-1608: Appliance Efficiency Regulations. May 2014. (<u>http://www.energy.ca.gov/2014publications/CEC-400-2014-009-CMF.pdf</u>)
- 2. Hawaii Energy TRM, No. 2011. Program Year 3, July 2011 to June 2012. (<u>http://www.hawaiienergy.com/media/W1siZiIsIjIwMTMvMDUvMTcvMTlfNTNfMT</u> ZfOTk1X1BZMTFfSGF3YWlpRW5lcmd5VFJNLnBkZiJdXQ/PY11-HawaiiEnergyTRM.pdf?sha=c230e920)
- Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission TRM. June 2014. (<u>http://www.puc.pa.gov/Electric/pdf/Act129/Act129\_TRM-</u> 2014\_Redlined\_V2.pdf)
- 4. PGE & KEMA. Process Evaluation of 2006-2008 PG&E Mass Markets Program Portfolio and CFL, Swimming Pool Market Characterizations Final Report. December 11, 2009.

### **Thank you.** Questions?

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# **Behavior**







- Home Energy Reports (HER) are comparative feedback reports that:
  - Provide comparison data on household energy consumption versus similar homes and to more efficient homes
  - Provide tips for reducing energy consumption through behavioural changes and participation in other investor-owned utility (IOU) programs

HER Programs

- Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E) initiated in August 2011, 5 phases (different launch dates), currently 1.6 million treatment households
- Southern California Edison (SCE) initiated Phase 1 Dec 2012 through Dec 2013 with 75,000 treatment households; started Phase 2 in 2013, with new cohort of 75,000 treatment
- San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) initiated in July 2011, 20,000 treatment households; added 95,000 treatment in 2014

Parameters being updated

- Impact of HER programs on energy and demand consumption

#### Sources

Where did the data for the updates come from? ⊸Billing Analysis

- IOU monthly billing data
- Joint Savings Analysis
  - Downstream programs: IOU program tracking database
  - Upstream programs
    - PG&E Home Inventory Survey (Evaluation of Pacific Gas and Electric Company's Home Energy Report Initiative for the 2010–2012 Program, study ID: ID PGE0329.01)
    - Compact Fluorescent Lamps Market Effects Final Report, 2010
    - Final Evaluation Report: Upstream Lighting Program, 2010 (study ID: CPU0015.02)

### How Results were Applied to 2013 Records

 DNV GL provided energy and demand savings estimates for PG&E, SCE, and SDG&E HER programs.

- DNV GL conducted validation of estimates provided by PG&E and SCE third-party consults; including replicating results using a DNV GL-specific model
- DNV GL conducted the impact evaluation for SDG&E HER program

### **How Results were Applied to 2013 Records**

• Ex post results at the ESPI measure level:

IOU	Ex-Post Net Savings (kWh)	Ex-Post Net Savings (therms)	Ex-Post Net Savings (kW)
PG&E	80,356,283	2,825,237	15,400
SCE	8,264,975	NA	2,627
SDG&E	4,193,200	189,300	NA

Based on DNV GL final verification and impact evaluation reports:

- 2013 PG&E Home Energy Reports Program Review and Validation of Impact Evaluation; ED Res 3.1 (study ID: CPU0096.00)
- 2013 SCE Home Energy Reports Program Review and Validation of Impact Evaluation; ED Res 3.2 (study ID: CPU0097.00)
- SDG&E Home Energy Reports Program 2013 Impact Evaluation; ED Res 3.3 (study ID: CPU0098.00)

### Why are Results Applicable?



The HER program uses randomized control/treatment (RCT) or experimental design

- Experimental design provides the most robust framework for baseline conditions
- DNV GL applied a fixed effects, econometric model with a difference of difference structure that is common for estimating savings in an RCT program

DNV GL vetted the approach, analysis, and results for the 2013 HER program with IOUs and California Public Utility Commission Energy Division consultants

- Results produced were consistent with results from the thirdparty evaluators hired by PG&E and SCE
- DNV GL worked with third party evaluators and the IOUs to determine source of discrepancies and made recommendations as needed to bring estimates into alignment
- DNV GL presented results in a public webinar in December 2014



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## Additional Q & A





# Thank you!

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